### §21.9530

(iii) Any decision as to the continuity of an individual's service in the Selected Reserve made by the Secretary of Defense will be binding upon VA.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3021, 3022, 3023, 3316)

### §21.9530 Eligibility time limit.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) through (e) of this section, an individual's period of eligibility for educational assistance will terminate effective 15 years from the date of the last discharge or release from active duty of at least—
  - (1) 90 continuous days; or
- (2) 30 continuous days if the individual is released for a service-connected disability.
- (b) In the case of an individual who establishes eligibility and does not meet one of the service requirements specified in paragraph (a) of this section, the individual's period of eligibility for educational assistance will terminate effective 15 years from the date of discharge for the last period of service used to meet the minimum service requirements for eligibility as stated in §21.9520.
- (c) Amendment of military records. If an individual's eligibility for educational assistance is established as a result of a correction of military records under 10 U.S.C. 1552, a change, correction, or modification of a discharge or dismissal under 10 U.S.C. 1553, or other corrective action by a competent military authority, the individual's period of eligibility will terminate effective 15 years from the date of the change, correction, modification, or other corrective action.

## (Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3311(c), 3321)

- (d) Time limit for spouse using transferred entitlement. (1) Unless the transferor dies while on active duty, the ending date of the spouse's period of eligibility for entitlement transferred under §21.9570 is the earliest of the following—
- (i) The transferor's ending date as determined under this section;
- (ii) The ending date specified by the transferor, if the transferor specified the period for which the transfer was effective; or

- (iii) The effective date of the transferor's revocation of transferred entitlement as determined under §21.9570(f).
- (2) If the transferor dies while on active duty, the ending date of the spouse's period of eligibility is the earliest of the following—
- (i) The date 15 years from the transferor's date of death:
- (ii) The ending date specified by the transferor, if the transferor specified the period for which the transfer was effective; or
- (iii) The effective date of the transferor's revocation of transferred entitlement as determined under §21.9570(f).

### (Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3319)

- (e) Time limit for child using transferred entitlement. (1) The ending date of the child's period of eligibility for entitlement transferred under §21.9570 is the earliest of the following—
- (i) The ending date specified by the transferor, if the transferor specified the period for which the transfer was effective:
- (ii) The effective date of the transferor's revocation of transferred entitlement as determined under §21.9570(f); or
  - (iii) The day the child turns 26.
  - (2) [Reserved]

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3319)

# § 21.9535 Extended period of eligibility.

VA will extend an individual's period of eligibility in accordance with the following provisions.

- (a) Disability extension. (1) VA will grant an extension of the period of eligibility, as determined in §21.9530 (except for paragraphs (d) and (e)) provided—
- (i) The individual applies for the extension within the time specified in §21.1033(c); and
- (ii) The medical evidence clearly establishes that the individual was prevented from initiating or completing the chosen program of education within the original period of eligibility because of a physical or mental disability that did not result from the individual's willful misconduct. VA will not

## **Department of Veterans Affairs**

consider the disabling effects of chronic alcoholism to be the result of willful misconduct. VA will not consider an individual's disability for a period of 30 days or less as having prevented the individual from initiating or completing a chosen program, unless the evidence establishes that the individual was prevented from enrolling or reenrolling in the chosen program or was forced to discontinue attendance due to the short-term disability.

- (2) Length of extension. An individual's extended period of eligibility shall be for the length of time that the individual was prevented from initiating or completing his or her chosen program of education. This will be determined as follows—
- (i) If the individual is pursuing a program of education organized on a term, quarter, or semester basis, his or her extended period of eligibility shall contain the same number of days as the number of days from the date the individual was prevented from initiating or completing training during his or her original period of eligibility to the earliest of—
- (A) The beginning date of the ordinary term, quarter, or semester following the day the individual's training became medically feasible;
- (B) The last date of the individual's original period of eligibility as determined in §21.9530; or
- (C) The date the individual resumed training
- (ii) If the individual is pursuing a program of education that is not organized on a term, quarter, or semester basis, his or her extended period of eligibility will contain the same number of days as the number of days from the date the individual was prevented from initiating or completing training during his or her original period of eligibility to the earliest of—
- (A) The date the individual's training became medically feasible; or
- (B) The last date of the individual's original period of eligibility as determined in §21.9530.
- (b) Forcibly detained extension. (1) VA will grant an extension of the period of eligibility, as determined in §21.9530, equal to the period of time the individual—

- (i) Was captured and forcibly detained by a foreign government or power, and
- (ii) Was hospitalized at a military, civilian, or medical facility immediately following release from the foreign government or power.
  - (2) [Reserved]

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3321)

#### ENTITLEMENT

#### §21.9550 Entitlement.

- (a) Subject to the provisions of §21.4020 and this section, an eligible individual is entitled to a maximum of 36 months of educational assistance (or its equivalent in part-time educational assistance) under 38 U.S.C. chapter 33.
- (b)(1) An individual who, as of August 1, 2009, has used entitlement under 38 U.S.C. chapter 30, but retains unused entitlement under that chapter, makes an irrevocable election to receive educational assistance under the provisions of 38 U.S.C. chapter 33 instead of educational assistance under the provisions of chapter 30, will be limited to one month (or partial month) of entitlement under chapter 33 for each month (or partial month) of unused entitlement under chapter 30 (including any months of chapter 30 entitlement previously transferred to a dependent that the individual has revoked).
- (2) An individual, who as of August 1, 2009, was eligible under 38 U.S.C. chapter 30, had not used any entitlement under that program, was making contributions towards chapter 30, or was a servicemember who would have been eligible for chapter 30 if he or she had not declined participation, will receive 36 months of entitlement under chapter 33.
- (c) Except as provided in §§21.9560(d), 21.9570(m), and 21.9635(o), no individual is entitled to more than 36 months of full-time educational assistance under 38 U.S.C. chapter 33.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3034(a), 3312(a), 3323(a), 3695; Pub. L. 110-252, 122 Stat. 2377)

## §21.9555 Entitlement to supplemental educational assistance.

In determining the entitlement of an individual who is eligible for supplemental educational assistance, VA will—